



AGENDA ITEM 11

JOINT AUDIT COMMITTEE 29 June 2023

ANNUAL GOVERNANCE STATEMENTS

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

1.1 To inform Members of the requirement to produce & publish an Annual Governance Statement on Corporate Governance along with the assurance processes and protocols that are associated with this production.

2. BACKGROUND

- 2.1 The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 (amended 2021) require that all principal authorities produce a statement on governance, having carried out a review of internal controls, at least annually. This requirement now takes the form of an Annual Governance Statement (AGS), which accompanies the Statutory Accounts.
- 2.2 The Commissioner and Chief Constable are respectively the responsible corporate bodies for the production of the AGS.
- 2.3 Attached to this report, at *Appendix A*, are the draft Annual Governance Statements for 2022/23. The Statements have been prepared in line with the framework produced by CIPFA and Solace in 2016 'Delivering Good Governance.' This includes CIPFA's Guidance Notes for Policing Bodies in England and Wales and the Better Governance Forum's document referred to above. Both statements will be published in the draft 2022/23 draft statements of accounts for both organisations.

3. PROCESS

3.1 An assessment has been completed based on CIPFA's 'Delivering Good Governance' guidance notes. This including assessing both corporation's governance arrangements

against the core principles of the 'Delivering Good Governance' framework. The core principles are as follows: -

- Behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values, and respecting the rule of law
- > Ensuring openness and comprehensive stakeholder engagement
- Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable economic, social and environmental benefits
- Determining the interventions necessary to optimise the achievement of the intended outcomes
- Developing the entity's capacity, including the capability of its leadership and the individuals within it
- Managing risks and performance through robust internal control and strong public financial management
- Implementing good practices in transparency, reporting and audit to deliver effective accountability
- 3.2 To aid with the above assessment an exercise was undertaken of the governance arrangements of the PCC by using CIPFA's seven principles of good governance in policing. This assessment is including in the Appendix of the Police and Crime Commissioner's Annual Governance Statement.
- 3.3 In addition to the above assessment, senior managers from the Commissioner's office and the Force, reviewed the draft Annual Governance Statements attached to this report to ensure they reflect the governance arrangements of the organisations. This includes the effectiveness of the arrangements and identifying any significant issues that need to be addressed. These are reported upon in the attached statements and actions will be put in place to address any issues during the year.

4. **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 4.1 The Committee is asked to consider and note the contents of this report.
- 4.2 The Committee is asked to consider the Annual Governance Statements for 2022/23, as attached at *Appendix A*.

Lynn Joyce Interim Chief Finance Officer Police and Crime Commissioner



Police and Crime Commissioner West Midlands Annual Governance Statement

Position as at 31st March 2023 including plans for the financial year 2023/24



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1 Introduction

This Annual Governance Statement demonstrates how the Police and Crime Commissioner for the West Midlands complies with a governance framework. This includes how the effectiveness of the framework is evaluated and monitored. This document also highlights any significant governance issues and any planned changes in the governance framework.

2 Scope of Responsibilities

The Commissioner is responsible for ensuring his business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively. The Commissioner also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which his functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

In discharging this overall responsibility, the Commissioner is also responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of his affairs and facilitating the exercise of his functions, which includes ensuring a sound system of internal control is maintained through the year and arrangements are in place for the management of risk.

The Commissioner has adopted a Code of Corporate Governance, consistent with the principles of the CIPFA/SOLACE 2016 updated framework: *Delivering Good Governance in Local Government*, which can be obtained by contacting the Commissioner's office, details at https://www.westmidlands-pcc.gov.uk/contact.

This statement explains how the Commissioner has complied with the Code and also meets the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 (amended 2020), regulation 6(1), which requires all relevant bodies to prepare an annual governance statement.

3 The Purpose of the Governance Framework

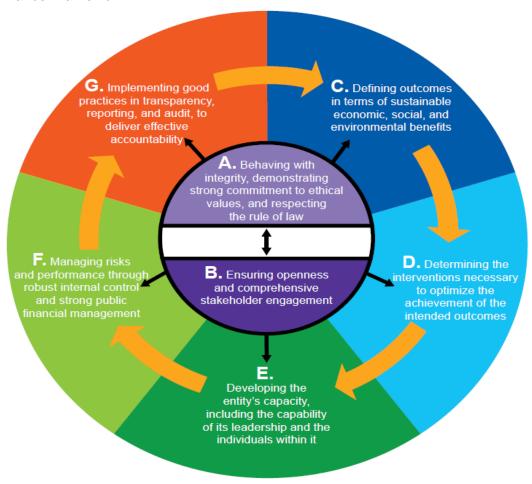
The governance framework comprises the systems and processes, and the culture and values by which the Commissioner directs and controls his activities through which he accounts to and engages with the community. It enables the Commissioner to monitor the achievement of his strategic objectives and to consider whether those objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate, cost effective services, including achieving value for money.

The system of internal control is a significant part of the framework and is designed to manage risk to a reasonable and foreseeable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Commissioner's policies, aims and objectives, to



evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them effectively, efficiently and economically.

The diagram below sets out the core principles of the Police and Crime Commissioner's Governance Framework.



4 The Governance Framework

Although the Chief Constable is responsible for operational policing matters, the direction and control of police personnel, and for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of the Force, the Commissioner is required to hold him to account for the exercise of those functions and those of the persons under his direction and control. The relationship between the Commissioner, the Chief Constable, the Police and Crime Panel and the Home Secretary is guided by the Policing Protocol Order 2011.



It therefore follows that the Commissioner must satisfy himself that the Chief Constable has appropriate mechanisms in place for the maintenance of good governance. For these to operate in practice, the Commissioner and the Chief Constable, as separate corporations sole, have separate but complimentary governance structures. These facilitate the achievement of effective governance arrangements, including the monitoring and assessment of performance in line with statutory responsibilities.

The Commissioner adopted a number of systems and processes to operate the governance arrangements, the key elements of which are detailed below:

- The West Midlands Police and Crime Plan 2021 2025 sets out the Commissioner's objectives
 for policing and community safety, the policing to be provided, the financial and other resources
 that will be available, how performance will be measured, what grants will be made and how the
 Chief Constable will be held to account.
- The operation of the Strategic Policing and Crime Board (SPCB) that assists in holding to account West Midlands Police. The SPCB meets monthly in public. The meetings are webcast.
- Worked with the Chief Constable to ensure there are processes and systems in place to deliver the Police and Crime Plan. This allows the Commissioner to be satisfied the Chief Constable has regard to the Police and Crime Plan through the strategic and operational plans of the Force.
- Measuring the quality of services, to ensure they are delivered in accordance with the Commissioner's objectives and represent the best use of resources and value for money.
- Defining and documenting the roles and responsibilities of the executive, non-executive, scrutiny and officer functions, with clear delegation arrangements and protocols for effective communication, in respect of the Commissioner and partnership arrangements.
- Ensuring effective arrangements are in place for the discharge of the head of paid service and monitoring officer functions.
- Ensuring the Commissioner's financial management arrangements conform to the governance requirements of the CIPFA Statement on the Role of the Chief Finance Officer of the Police and Crime Commissioner and the Chief Finance Officer of the Chief Constable.
- Ensuring compliance with the Commissioner's statutory responsibilities, including:-
 - Setting the budget and precept
 - Issuing a Police and Crime Plan
 - Publication of an Annual Report
 - Publication of specified information
 - Duties to consult with victims of crime, the population as a whole and ratepayers
 - Safeguarding of children and promotion of child welfare
 - Having regard to the Strategic Policing Requirement. This is demonstrated through an annual report to the SPCB
 - Duties relating to equality and diversity
- Procedure rules, policies and internal management processes are established for Financial Management, Procurement, Health and Safety, Confidential Reporting ("Whistleblowing"),

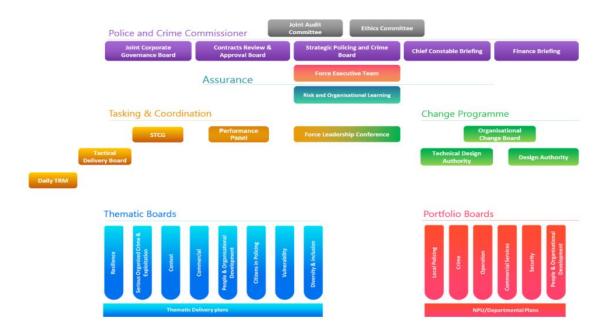


Complaints Handling, Anti-Fraud, Bribery and Corruption and Records Management, including security of information and information sharing.

- Codes of conduct, defining the standards of behaviour for the Commissioner, Members of the Strategic Policing and Crime Board, Statutory Officers and Staff.
- The Joint Scheme of Corporate Governance sets out in detail the respective roles and functions of the Commissioner and Chief Constable, outlining all significant decisions which are consented or delegated and which are of a statutory, financial or management nature.
- A Joint Audit Committee (with the Chief Constable) is responsible for independent assurance on the adequacy of the risk management framework and the associated control environment, the independent scrutiny of the Chief Constable's and PCC's financial performance to the extent that it affects the Chief Constable and PCC's exposure to risk and weakens the control environment. The Joint Audit Committee has an independent Chair, as identified by the Home Office's Code of Practice for Financial Management and CIPFA's Audit Committee – Practical Guidance for Local Authorities and Police. A second independent member holds the position of Vice Chair of the Committee.
- An Ethics Committee which advises the Commissioner and Chief Constable on data science projects being proposed by the Force's Data Analytics Lab. The Lab is led by specially recruited data scientists and will develop programmes of work that use data more intelligently to help the Force prevent crime, allocate resources more efficiently and help it to do its job of keeping the public safe. The Ethics Committee has been set up to help ensure that ethics and people's rights are put at the heart of the Lab's work. Using the Committee's expertise, the Force will be in a better position to help people avoid crime and support the communities of the West Midlands.
- The PCC has a Corporate Risk Register, prepared and reviewed by senior management. The
 Joint Audit Committee is responsible for independent assurance on the adequacy of the risk
 management framework.
- Procedural rules, policies and internal management procedures are established for financial management.
- Oversight of the management of change and transformation within the Force.
- Ensuring the Commissioner's assurance arrangements conform to the governance requirements of the CIPFA Statement on the Role of the Head of Internal Audit (2019) and, where they do not, explain why they deliver the same impact.
- An External Audit function reports to "those charged with governance" in respect of the Annual Accounts and Value for Money. The Commissioner provides information to External Audit to enable them to provide assurance and also ensures External Audit's recommendations are implemented.
- Ensuring compliance with relevant laws and regulations, internal policies and procedures, and that expenditure is lawful.
- Identifying the development needs of members and senior officers in relation to their strategic roles, supported by appropriate training.
- Establishing clear channels of communication with all sections of the community and other stakeholders, ensuring accountability and encouraging open consultation.
- Developing good governance arrangements in respect of partnership and other joint working arrangements.



The diagram below details how the Commissioner's current governance structure is aligned to the governance structure of West Midlands Police.



5 Review of Effectiveness

The Commissioner has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of the governance framework.

The review of effectiveness is informed by the work of the managers within the Commissioner's Office, who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment, the Head of Internal Audit's Annual report, and also by comments made by the External auditors and other review agencies and inspectorates.

In maintaining and reviewing the effectiveness of the governance arrangements, the following roles are undertaken:

• The Commissioner

The Commissioner is overall responsible for the maintenance and review of the governance arrangements and has asked his Statutory Officers, together with the Head of Internal Audit to continue with the review of the corporate governance arrangements, designed to assess and monitor:



- Code of Corporate Governance
- Review of the System of Internal Control
- Performance / Assurance Protocols and associated information
- Production of the Annual Governance Statement

The Joint Audit Committee

The Commissioner's and Chief Constable's Joint Audit Committee is responsible, on behalf of both Corporations Sole, to:

- Advise the Commissioner and the Chief Constable according to good governance principles.
- Provide independent assurance on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Commissioner's and Chief Constable's internal control environment and risk management framework.
- Oversee the effectiveness of the framework in place for ensuring compliance with statutory requirements.
- Independently scrutinise financial and non-financial performance to the extent that it affects the Commissioner's and Chief Constable's exposure to risks and weakens the internal control environment.
- Oversee the financial reporting process and consider the arrangements to secure value for money
- Ensure the Force is implementing agreed actions resulting from Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Constabulary and Fire & Rescue Services (HMICFRS) inspections.

The Terms of Reference of the Committee, encompasses and reflects these duties by defining that they:

- Be the conduit through which the Governance work is channelled.
- Provide assurance on risk management arrangements on behalf of the Commissioner.
- Recommend approval of the Statutory Accounts of the Commissioner and Chief Constable.

To ensure that it is ably qualified, assessments of its abilities in line with best practice are undertaken confirming that the Committee is well suited and equipped for such responsibilities. Members of the Committee undergo regular training to ensure the Committee is effective in its role in advising the Commissioner and the Chief Constable.

Internal Audit

The system of Internal Audit is a primary tenet of corporate governance and is the joint responsibility of the Commissioner and Chief Constable. The provision and maintenance of an effective Joint Internal Audit Service, has been delegated to the Chief Finance Officer (CFO).



The Audit Committee oversees the provision of this service, reviewing associated plans and work outputs.

Every 5 years the standards of Internal Audit are assessed against the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) and an external assessment of Internal Audit against the PSIAS standards was undertaken during 2022/23. The results of the assessment were positive with the service assessed as being fully compliant against the Standards. The service continues to undertake a self-assessment against the standards on an annual basis with the results reported to the Joint Audit Committee.

During 2022/23 Internal Audit continued the approach of concentrating on the major risks faced by the PCC and the Force. The approach has allowed the Commissioner to have increased confidence in the governance, risk management and control processes. A mid-year review of the Internal Audit Plan was undertaken to ensure the audits remained focussed on the key risk areas. Regular updates on progress against the audit plan and key findings arising are provided to the Commissioner.

In the construction of the Internal Audit Plan for the year ahead, consultation has taken place with senior managers to ensure the areas of greatest risk are prioritised, however, due to the Force implementing a new operating model in early April 2023, the plan will inevitably need to remain flexible and responsive to any change in the risk environment.

Police and Crime Panel

The West Midlands Police and Crime Panel (WMPCP) scrutinises the work of the Commissioner. The Panel acts as a critical friend to the Commissioner - assisting him through independent challenge.

The Panel has a number of powers and responsibilities, including:

- Reviewing the draft Police and Crime Plan to ensure local priorities have been considered
- Scrutinising the Commissioner's Annual Report
- Scrutinising the decisions and actions of the Commissioner
- Reviewing, and potentially vetoing, the Commissioner's proposed policing precept (the part of Council Tax collected for policing)
- Holding confirmation hearings for the proposed appointment of a Chief Constable, Deputy Police and Crime Commissioner and senior support staff

Mapping of Governance Framework

To review the effectiveness of the Commissioner's governance arrangements an assessment was undertaken using a governance dashboard and applying CIPFA's seven principles of good



governance in policing. The results of this assessment are detailed in the Appendix to this statement. It can be seen that all areas are maintaining in terms of status. Also, with the exception of managing data, all areas have a green RAG status. Managing Data remains amber due to the continued embedding of WMP's IT systems across the organisation.

6 Collaborative Working

The Commissioner has in place a number of collaborative arrangements to deliver services in conjunction with both national and neighbouring Police and Crime Commissioners. These include:-

- A regional forces collaboration agreement for the counter-terrorism policing network that also includes responsibility for Special Branch services.
- The National Ballistics Intelligence Service (NABIS) where the West Midlands Police is the co-host force. The arrangement is also subject to a collaboration agreement and the Commissioner is represented on the NABIS governing board.
- The West Midlands Regional Organised Crime Unit (ROCU) which is a four-force collaboration agreement between Staffordshire, Warwickshire, West Mercia and West Midlands.
- The West Midlands Violence Reduction Partnership which involves WMP, health and education professionals working together to understand the causes of serious violence in the West Midlands and agreeing a co-ordinated response.
- A West Midlands wide Community Safety Partnership enabling crime reduction activities to be commissioned more effectively and efficiently.
- A Safer Travel Partnership with West Midlands Combined Authority and WMP that continues to significantly reduce crime on all modes of transport across the region.
- A West Midlands Combatting Drugs & Alcohol Partnership has been established to co-ordinate activity to reduce drug harm in the local area
- An agreement with Birmingham Airport for WMP to provide policing services to the airport.
- The Regional Criminal Justice Forum which is a collaborative partnership between PCCs, forces and criminal justice colleagues across the West Midlands, designed to address cross cutting themes and issues that are affecting all four areas.
- A collaboration with Warwickshire PCC where WMP delivers Forensic Services to Warwickshire Police.
- The Staffordshire and WMP Joint Legal Services agreement which provides Legal Services to WMP, Staffordshire Police, the Police, Fire and Crime Commissioner for Staffordshire and the Police and Crime Commissioner for West Midlands.
- The Central Motorway Police Group collaboration between Staffordshire Police and WMP, which strives to ensure the safe travel of road users on the motorway network through the region.
- The Staffordshire Police and WMP firearms Licensing collaboration which provides management of all aspects of the licensing of firearms/shotguns and explosives

.



For the arrangements detailed above, governance is conducted in compliance with the relevant collaboration agreements. Also, collaborative working is supported by the appointment of two Regional Policy Officers working with the four West Midlands regional forces.

There is also a two-force Central Motorway Policing Group arrangement in place between Staffordshire and West Midlands.

Through working with the West Midlands Combined Authority the Commissioner is collaborating on a wide range of issues this includes mental health and youth offending services.

The Commissioner is also in collaboration with other bodies this includes West Midlands Fire Service and local councils through the estates programme where policing is being delivered in shared buildings.

7 Review of CIPFA's FM Code

The CIPFA Financial Management Code (CIPFA FM Code) is designed to support good practice in financial management and to assist police organisations in demonstrating their financial sustainability. The CIPFA FM Code therefore sets the standards of financial management for PCCs and Forces. A key goal of the FM Code is to improve the financial resilience of organisations by embedding enhanced standards of financial management. There are also clear links between the FM Code and the Governance Framework, particularly with its focus on achieving sustainable outcomes.

A self-assessment compliance review of the CIPFA FM Code was completed during 2021/22 across the PCC and Force, with the majority of the assessment being RAG rated as green with no areas of concern. There have been no significant changes in policy or process since this assessment was completed although a range of activity has occurred to improve financial accountability, including delivering finance training to budget holders and agreeing and publishing a finance SLA.

Work will continue in 2023/24 to introduce enhanced financial reporting which will provide real time data to budget holders to enhance decision making. Work is also underway to automate scenario planning in the MTFP.

8 Significant Governance Issues

Significant governance issues are defined as:

- An issue which has prevented or seriously prejudiced achievement of a principal objective
- An issue where additional funding has had to be sought in order to resolve it
- An issue which has resulted in a material impact on the accounts
- An issue which the Head of Internal Audit has specifically highlighted in the annual audit opinion



- An issue which has attracted significant public interest and has damaged the reputation of the Commissioner
- An issue which has resulted in formal action being taken by the Chief Finance Officer and/or the Monitoring Officer.

During 2022/23 Internal Audit completed a review of Child Abuse which considered the arrangements in place to investigate child abuse allegations following the recommendations made from the Joint Targeted Area Inspection (JTAI) for Solihull and the National Child Safeguarding Practice review. The audit identified significant risks within Force Contact in respect of the quality of THRIVE+ assessments and lack of compliance with escalation processes that should be used when target response times for P2 calls look like they may not be achieved. The lack of trained and experienced officers within the Child Abuse Investigation Teams and high workloads per officer was also raised which impacts not only on the early identification of the threat and risk of a child being at risk of harm, but also the progression of investigations, the level of service delivered to victims, as well as the wellbeing of staff. Although a minimal opinion was given, the audit recognised the positive work being undertaken to improve child abuse investigations. Whilst the direction of travel is positive the audit concluded that the Force has more to do to protect children from harm.

The Internal Audit findings referred to above were reported to the Joint Audit Committee in March 2023. Internal Audit will complete follow up work to report on the implementation of agreed recommendations.

The Commissioner is sighted on any significant issues arising from the work of Internal Audit and will, where necessary, question the Chief Constable on any actions being taken to address the issues raised.

The PCC continues to receive financial support from Home Office in relation to legal claims from the Hillsborough disaster. This is through the Special Grant scheme operated by the Home Office. This will continue into 2023/24

The Commissioner has continued to hold the Chief Constable to account where reductions in funding have had potential impact on business as usual activities of the Force. This will continue during 2023/24 as the Force faces significant budget pressures alongside implementing a new operating model. PCC and Chief Constable meetings during 2022/23 included consideration of HMICFRS findings and recommendations and also review of the Force's Corporate Risk Register to obtain additional assurance in these areas. The focus will turn to the Force Management Statement during 2023/24.

9 Delivering the Police and Crime Plan

During 2021/22 a new police and crime was developed covering the period up to 2025. A delivery plan was produced to ensure delivery of the plan. This assists the Commissioner to secure and maintain efficient and effective policing services across the West Midlands. The Commissioner will continue to work with West Midlands Police in the delivery of the Force's strategies and plans.



10 Issues Raised in Previous Year's Annual Governance Statements

Progress has been made on addressing the issues raised in the AGS for 2022/23. This includes the following: -

 A full follow-up review of Rape and Serious Sexual Offence (RASSO) investigations was undertaken during 2023/24, which established progress on implementing the recommendations made within the 2021/22 audit. The original review identified gaps in the training undertaken. It also highlighted high caseloads for officers working with RASSO which impacts on the quality and timeliness of investigations and gaps in victims contact.

The Force was selected as a pilot force for Project Bluestone (Operation Soteria), which has looked to improve the investigation and victim engagement in rape and sexual assault offences which focuses on four pillars for improvement around; suspect focused investigations (Pillar 1), resources prioritised to disrupt and challenge repeat offenders (Pillar 2), embedding a systematic procedural justice approach to victim engagement (Pillar 3) and embedding officer learning and development and well-being (Pillar 4). Following 12-week assessment, 62 recommendations were made. Work is progressing to implement the recommendations from Op Soteria, with some similar themes being identified to what was reported in the initial internal audit report. The Internal Audit follow up concluded that whilst progress was being made, the majority of recommendations remain open and will continue to be reviewed. Internal Audit were therefore not in a position to alter the original opinion of minimal assurance.

The PCC has recently made a 'Special Grant' application to the government, as part of action to better investigate sexual offences and help those affected by these crimes.

- Internal Audit also followed up on the actions agreed from the Detained Property audit referred to in the previous year's Governance Statement which confirmed the recommendations and additional actions determined by management are being progressed, but have not yet been fully implemented. The original audit report raised concerns around the volume of missing property items for which monthly updates are now given at the Force Performance Panels. Other actions agreed during the audit are being progressed as part of wider plans during 2023/24 with Corporate Asset Management and Shared Services continuing to work together to resolve these.
- A follow up on the actions arising from the Domestic Abuse Case Management audit, also reported in last year's Governance Statement, confirmed good progress has been made to resolve the issues raised during this audit with only two low level recommendations outstanding, which are currently being progressed by management.



All the findings from Internal Audit's referred to above were reported to the Joint Audit Committee during 2022/23. Internal Audit will complete further follow up work to report on the implementation of agreed recommendations.

11 Future Developments

Looking forward there are several initiatives that will potentially impact on the role and remit of the Commissioner that may require governance arrangements to be amended. These include: -

- Further collaborative working with police forces in areas such as serious and organised crime, counter terrorism, roads policing and uniformed operations, with a concurrent requirement to develop effective collaborative governance arrangements based on formal collaboration agreements.
- The continued operation of the West Midlands Violence Reduction Partnership.
- The future implementation of a revised funding formula for policing, which will have implications on the level of resources available for policing services across the West Midlands.
- Ensuring new Force systems operate effectively and generate efficiencies.
- Monitoring and oversight of the new neighbourhood policing operating model to ensure effective.
- Implementing changes arising from the Procurement Bill, once announced.
- The risks associated with maintaining the police officers recruited as part of the Uplift programme and ensuring the extra officers are deployed in priority areas across the Force.
- The increasing role of PCCs in the Criminal Justice System.
- The introduction of national crime and policing measures.
- Implementing the outcomes of the Government's review of PCCs and management of the potential transition of the PCCs functions to the West Midlands Combined Authority.
- The continued implementation of the Estates strategy approved by the Commissioner in November 2021, including the investment in new facilities and releasing vacant properties.
- The green agenda including delivering and embedding WMP's environmental strategy launched during 2022.
- Working with the West Midlands Combined Authority on joint projects, including those arising from the Trailblazer Devolution Deal, to assist in the prevention of crime in the West Midlands.
- The duty to cooperate across police, fire and ambulance services.
- Continuing to embed the newly established Combatting Drugs and Alcohol Partnership chaired by the Commissioner.
- Responding to government initiatives including the Levelling Up and Regeneration agenda.
- Implementing changes in the Policing Protocol, once announced.
- Continuing to embed partnership working in key areas such as Ending Male Violence against Women and Girls, and supporting scrutiny panels such as the Custody Scrutiny Panel and Young people Scrutiny Panel for Stop and Search.



- PCC and Chief Constable will have regard to recent changes to Strategic Policing Requirement which introduced an additional priority area around Violence Against Women and Girls.
- Ensuring compliance with the recently implemented Serious Violence Duty which aims to ensure relevant services work together to share information and collaborate on interventions to prevent and reduce serious crimes.
- PCC and Chief Constable meetings will now include consideration of the Force Management Statement to obtain additional assurance.

12 **Monitoring the Implementation of Actions**

The systems that have been put in place to monitor the implementation of plans through delivery plan and the risk register will ensure activities detailed in this statement are implemented. Progress

of the implementation of actions will be reported in next year's Annual Governance Statement. **Signed**

Simon Foster Police and Crime Commissioner West Midlands

Jonathan Jardine Head of Paid Service, West Midlands Police and Crime Commissioner

Lynn Joyce Interim Chief Finance Officer, West Midlands Police and Crime Commissioner



Appendix

Mapping of Governance Framework Key Elements / Governance Dashboard – 2022/23 – Applying CIPFA's Seven Principles of Good Governance in Policing

PRINCIPLE A - BEHAVING WITH INTEGRITY, DEMONSTRATING STRONG COMMITMENT TO ETHICAL VALUES, AND RESPECTING THE RULE OF LAW

Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
Behaving with Integrity		Maintaining	Green
Ensuring that the PCC, chief officers and staff behave with integrity and lead a culture where acting in the public interest is visibly and consistently demonstrated thereby promoting and upholding the reputation of the organisation among its stakeholders.	 PCC code of conduct Standards of professional behaviour, Force policy Performance appraisal process in place for all staff across the PCC and Force (WMP Conversations and WMP Ratings) Evidence of communicating shared values with staff, the community and partners. This is through the Police and 		
 Ensuring the PCC and chief officers lead in establishing specific standard operating principles or values for their organisations and staff and that they are communicated and understood. The values should build on the Nolan Principles and the Code of Ethics. 	Crime Plan, Force strategies (This Work Matters and Force Values) etc. • Ethics Committee • Decision making policies in place. Scheme of governance details the requirements around decisions • Police and Crime Plan (2021-25) developed in		
Leading by example and using above standard operating principles or values as a framework for decision making and other actions.	consultation with partners, including local authorities, Police and Crime Panel, community engagement. Police and Crime Plan the driver for decisions.		
Demonstrating, communicating and embedding the standard operating principles or values through appropriate policies and processes which are	 HMICFRS police effectiveness, efficiency and legitimacy programme (PEEL) assessment in 2021/22 of the Force. Inspection rated 5 areas as good, 3 adequate and 3 requiring improvement. No areas were rated as inadequate. 		



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
reviewed on a regular basis to ensure that they are operating effectively.	 Professional Standards Dept, reports to Strategic Policing and Crime Board (SPCB) and Joint Audit Committee on fraud and corruption Anti-fraud and corruption policy reviewed regularly and communicated with SPCB and Force Executive Team. Last reviewed September 2022. Co-operation with the National Fraud Initiative. Latest data set submitted October 2022 and matches released January 2023. Up-to-date register of interests for PCC, chief officers and their respective staff. In addition, the Force maintains a Business Interest Register There is up to date lists register of gifts and hospitality across the Force and PCC There are Whistleblowing and Confidential reporting policies in place and protect individuals raising concerns. These are well understood and communicated across the organisation. Professional Standards Corruptionline in place to allow confidential reporting. Adoption of the RACE (Reporting Action Composition Education) Code developed by Karl George The Force's People Strategy Fairness and Belonging plan Force and PCC have a complaints policy in place. Force complaints are monitored and reported against through performance reports to Force Executive Team and PCC's Board. Also, complaints reported and monitored to West Midlands Police and Crime Panel There is evidence of changes/improvements as a result of complaints received and acted upon There are policies and procedures in place across the organisations setting out the expectations for staff to meet the required standards 		



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
	• The expectations the organisations place on suppliers is set out in tender and contract documentation		
 Demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values Seeking to understand, monitor and maintain the organisation's ethical performance. Underpinning personal behaviour with ethical values and ensuring they permeate all aspects of the organisation's culture and operation. Developing and maintaining robust policies and procedures which place emphasis on agreed ethical values. Ensuring that external providers of services on behalf of the organisation are required to act with integrity and in compliance with ethical standards expected by the organisation. 	 Policy in place for declaring interests for board members, police officers and staff Code of conduct in operation Professional standards monitoring The standards of professional behaviour also reflect relevant principles enshrined in the European Convention on Human Rights and the Council of Europe Code of Police Ethics For major PCC decisions consultation takes place with Board members The policies and procedures of the organisation set out the expectations to meet the required standards Procurement strategy in place. Progress on delivery of the strategy reported on yearly. The strategy includes requirements relating to Social Value Social Value Portal in place to monitor and report on achievement of social value Appraisal approach includes expected behaviours of suppliers and providers Modern Slavery statement in place and procedures for monitoring suppliers and providers 	Maintaining	Green
Respecting the rule of law Ensuring the PCC, chief officers and staff demonstrate a strong commitment to the rule of law as well as adhering to relevant laws and	 Police and Crime Plan in place following extensive consultation Policies reviewed on an ongoing basis and kept up to date Scheme of governance up to date 	Maintaining	Green
 regulations. Creating the conditions to ensure that statutory chief officers, other key post holders and (where appropriate) statutory committees are able to fulfil 	 Compliance with CIPFA statements of the role of statutory finance officers Effective anti-fraud and corruption policies. This includes oversight by the Joint Audit Committee 		



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
 their responsibilities in accordance with best practice. Striving to use full powers for the benefit of citizens, communities and other stakeholders. Dealing with breaches of legal and regulatory provisions effectively. Ensuring corruption and misuse of power are dealt with effectively. 	 Internal Audit function, delivery of a risk-based plan Legal implications considered as part of decision-making process Joint Audit Committee complies with and follows CIPFA's best practice guidance 		

PRINCIPLE B - ENSURING OPENNESS AND COMPREHENSIVE STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
 Openness Ensuring that the PCC, chief officers and staff behave with integrity and lead a culture where acting in the public interest is visibly and consistently demonstrated thereby promoting and upholding the reputation of the organisation among its stakeholders. Ensuring the PCC and chief officers lead in establishing specific standard operating principles or values for their organisations and staff and that they are communicated and understood. The values should build on the Nolan Principles and the Code of Ethics. Leading by example and using above standard operating principles or values as a framework for decision making and other actions. 	 PCC annual report produced Up to date publication scheme Precept leaflet produced PCC website and Force website revised and improved Record of PCC decisions published on website Established PCC processes and procedures for decisions in relation to grant funding activity (including victims fund etc). This includes publication on website Strategic Policing and Crime Board and Joint Audit Committee meetings published with live webcasting. PCC decision making policy published on website Reports include legal and financial comments Decision making reports produced for PCC decisions Police and Crime Plan consultation Workplan for Strategic Policing and Crime Board and Joint Audit Committee Precept survey undertaken 	Maintaining	Green



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
Demonstrating, communicating and embedding the standard operating principles or values through appropriate policies and processes which are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure that they are operating effectively.	 FOI publication scheme Independent Advisory Groups Independent Scrutiny Panels for key policy areas 		
 Engaging comprehensively with institutional stakeholders Effectively engaging with institutional stakeholders to ensure that the purpose, objectives and intended outcomes for each stakeholder relationship are clear so that outcomes are achieved successfully and sustainably. Developing formal and informal partnerships to allow for resources to be used more efficiently and outcomes achieved more effectively. Ensuring that partnerships, including collaborations, are based on trust, a shared commitment to change, and a culture which promotes and accepts challenge among partners and that the added value of partnership working is explicit. 	 Communication strategy for the PCC and Force developed and implemented Collaborations agreements in place with neighbouring PCCs Working with organisations as part of the Serious Violence Duty Collaboration with the West Midlands Combined Authority Partnerships developed for particular priorities for example violence reduction partnership, criminal justice board and victims commission Community Safety partnerships both with the 7 local authorities and the creation of a West Midlands wide Community Safety partnership Leading on national procurement initiatives and engaged with Blue Light Commercial Working with the Police and Crime Panel 	Maintaining	Green
Engaging with individual citizens and service users • Establishing a clear policy about the type of issues on which the organisation will meaningfully consult with, or involve, individual communities, citizens, service users and other stakeholders to ensure that	 Record of public consultations Community safety plans developed in line with the police and crime plan WMP's contact strategy and engagement with communities, including surveys Policing strategic assessment Police and Crime Plan 	Maintaining	Green



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
a service (or other) provision is contributing towards the achievement of intended outcomes.	Medium Term Financial Plan Recognition of the strategic policing requirement		
Ensuring that communication methods are effective and that the PCC and officers are clear about their roles with regard to community engagement.	 Active Citizen Programme and the operation of the Helping Communities Fund Development and operation of the Citizen Charter 		
 Encouraging, collecting and evaluating the views and experiences of communities, citizens, service users and organisations of different backgrounds including reference to future needs. 			
Implementing effective feedback mechanisms for those consultees in order to demonstrate how their views have been taken into account.			
Balancing feedback from more active stakeholder groups with other stakeholder groups to ensure inclusivity.			
 Taking account of the interests of future generations of taxpayers and service users. 			

PRINCIPLE C: DEFINING OUTCOMES IN TERMS OF SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS

Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
Defining outcomes Having a clear vision – an agreed formal statement of the organisation's purpose and intended outcomes containing appropriate performance indicators which provides the basis	 Police and Crime Plan used as a basis for planning Community engagement and involvement in the development of the Police and Crime Plan Police and Crime Plan delivery plan, linked to workplan Chief Constables ambition and delivery plan (This Work Matters) 	Maintaining	Green



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
 for the organisation's overall strategy, planning and other decisions. Specifying the intended impact on, or changes for, stakeholders including individual citizens and service users. It could be immediately or over the course of a year or longer. Delivering defined outcomes on a sustainable basis within the resources that will be available, while recognising that changing and unforeseen demands will place additional pressure on financial resources. Identifying and managing risks to the achievement of outcomes as part of delivering goods and services. Managing expectations effectively with regard to determining priorities and making the best use of the resources available. 	 Force Management Statements Needs assessments across the Violence Reduction Unit, Community Safety Partnerships and Victims Services Strategic tasking and coordination Progress reports against police and crime plan Performance reports considered by the SPCB PCC and CC meetings consider performance of Force Needs assessments completed by the Violence Reduction Partnership WMP's performance panel challenges the performance of the Force Established performance measures and reported on regularly Medium term financial plan Strategic policing requirement Acting on HMICFRS assessments and recommendations. Recommendation tracker in place and reporting to Joint Audit Committee Established risk management strategy and monitor of risks, also reported to Joint Audit Committee. 		
Sustainable economic, social and environmental benefits Considering and balancing the combined	 Capital programme aligned to Police and Crime Plan and This Work Matters Record of decisions made 	Improving	Green
economic, social and environmental impact of policies, plans and decisions when taking decisions about services.	Programme governance structures in place including appropriate gateways, outline business case, detailed business cases and other gateways where necessary		
Taking a longer-term view with regard to decision making, taking account of risk and acting transparently where there are potential conflicts	 PCC economic strategy Social value considered in the procurement and commissioning of goods and services 		



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
between the PCC and the chief officer's intended outcomes and short-term factors such as the political cycle or financial constraints • Ensuring fair access to services.	 The generation of social value assessed in the disposal of land and buildings Commitments in the police and crime plan in relation to social value, environment and access to police services Joint environmental strategy launched during 2022 		

PRINCIPLE D: DETERMINING THE INTERVENTIONS NECESSARY TO OPTIMISE THE ACHIEVEMENT OF THE INTENDED OUTCOMES

Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
 Ensuring that decision makers receive objective and rigorous analysis of a variety of options indicating how intended outcomes would be achieved and including the risks associated with those options. Therefore, ensuring that best value is achieved however services are provided. Considering feedback from citizens and service users when making decisions about service improvements, or where services are no longer required, in order to prioritise competing demands within limited resources available including people, skills, land and assets, and bearing in mind future impacts. 	 Decision making framework in place Framework of corporate governance in place WMP's programme structures in place. This includes agreed information requirements in place for project sign off and commencement Scheme of delegation sets out the requirements around appropriate authorisation Formal recording of decisions takes place WMP's Citizens Charter and engagement strategy PCC Commissioning Strategy Needs assessments across the Violence Reduction Partnership, Community Safety Partnerships and Victims Services 	Maintaining	Green
Planning interventions	Medium term financial plan approved as part of budget 2022/23	Improving	Green



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
Establishing and implementing robust planning and control cycles that cover strategic and operational plans, priorities and targets.	 Annual process to update MTFP – Latest update to SPCB October 2022 Plans in the place across the Force and PCC. This is for specific priorities within the police and crime plan 		
 Engaging with internal and external stakeholders in determining how services and other courses of action should be planned and delivered. 	Performance reports highlight areas where corrective action is necessary. These areas are followed up and reported on		
 Considering and monitoring risks facing each partner when working collaboratively, including shared risks. 	 Performance targets are detailed in the police and crime plan Strategy, Delivery and Assurance function providing 		
 Ensuring arrangements are flexible and agile so that the mechanisms for delivering outputs can be adapted to changing circumstances. 	 assurance Budgets are aligned to specific priorities Risk strategies in place and the management of risk is 		
 Establishing appropriate performance measures as part of the planning process in order to assess and inform how the performance of the services and projects is to be measured. 	aligned to the strategyEstates strategy approved in 2021.		
 Ensuring capacity exists to generate the information required to review service quality regularly. 			
 Preparing budgets in accordance with government funding announcements, organisational objectives, strategies and the medium-term financial plan. 			
 Informing medium- and long-term resource planning by drawing up realistic estimates of revenue and capital expenditure, together with estimates of grant, precept, and other income streams, aimed at developing a sustainable funding strategy. 			



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
Optimising achievement of intended outcomes Ensuring the medium-term financial strategy integrates and trades off service priorities, affordability, and other resource constraints. Ensuring that the budgeting process is all inclusive, taking into account the full cost of operations over the medium and longer term. Ensuring the medium-term financial strategy sets the context for ongoing decisions on significant delivery issues or responses to changes in the external environment that may arise during the budgetary period in order for the outcomes to be achieved while optimising resource usage. Ensuring the achievement of 'social value' through service planning and commissioning.	 Medium term financial plan and annual budget aligned to police and crime plan and other strategies Delivery plan details actions against the police and crime plan. Includes assessment of budget requirements Evidence available of results; for example, investment in police officers, decision around Police Community Support Officers Scheme of delegations in place Medium Term Financial Plan is discussed at Police and Crime Panel Surveys completed by Force on residents through Citizens charter Strategic policing requirement and strategic assessment completed and presented to Strategic Policing and Crime Board Updated procurement strategy includes social value. Also work ongoing to embed social value further Each district has a CSP plan. Attendance by Force and PCC representatives 	Maintaining	Green

PRINCIPLE E: DEVELOPING THE ENTITY'S CAPACITY, INCLUDING THE CAPABILITY OF ITS LEADERSHIP AND THE INDIVIDUALS WITHIN IT

Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
Developing the entity's capacity Reviewing operations, performance and asset management on a regular basis to ensure their continuing effectiveness.	 Force workforce plan in place which is continuously updated National uplift programme completed. 	Maintaining	Green



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
 Improving resource use through appropriate application of techniques such as benchmarking and other options in order to determine how policing resources are allocated so that defined outcomes are achieved effectively and efficiently. Recognising and promoting the benefits of collaborative working where added value can be achieved through partnerships. Developing and maintaining an effective workforce plan to enhance the strategic allocation of resources. 	 HMICFRS police effectiveness, efficiency and legitimacy programme (PEEL) assessments. Effectiveness 2021 rates use of resources as good. It rates developing a positive workspace as adequate. Further PEEL Inspection taking place during 2023/24. Performance monitoring of operations and activities ongoing Collaboration arrangements in place with neighbouring forces for significant services areas Value for money exercises completed by WMP on the costs of police services and reported to Joint Audit Committee Learning and Development implementation Partnership approach to sharing assets Collaboration playbook developed to provide a gateway mechanism when entering into collaboration arrangements WMP's talent management initiatives WMP's Conversations - performance framework in operation 		
Developing the capability of the entity's leadership and other individuals	 Job descriptions in place PCC, Chief Executive and Chief Constable have established communication processes in place 	Maintaining	Green
 Developing protocols to ensure that elected and appointed leaders negotiate their respective roles early on in the relationship and that a shared understanding of roles and objectives is maintained. 	 Scheme of governance in place across both corporations that is reviewed annually Chief Constable recruitment process programme managed Respective roles clearly defined Regular one to one meetings held between staff and their managers across the OPCC 		



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status	
 Publishing a statement that specifies the types of decisions delegated and those reserved for the collective decision making of the governing body. Ensuring the PCC and chief officers have clearly defined and distinctive leadership roles within a structure whereby the chief officers lead by implementing strategy and managing the delivery of services and other outputs set by the PCC and/or chief constable, and each provides a check and balance for each other's responsibility. Developing the capabilities of the PCC and chief officers to achieve effective shared leadership where appropriate, and to enable the organisation to respond successfully to changing legal and policy demands as well as economic, political and environmental changes and risks. 	 Staff appraisals process in place that identifies training requirements and a review of staff performance Investment in the People and Organisational Development department Strategic Policing and Crime Board Register of interests The website of the PCC and Force are reviewed for effectiveness, including developing new functionality Staff survey regularly completed Induction processes People Strategy The Chief Constable continues to host a number of senior leadership events to develop the capability of its leadership at all levels within the organisation. Health and wellbeing agenda PCC induction WMP's talent management initiatives Programme structures in place to recruit a new Chief Constable 	requirements and a review of staff performance Investment in the People and Organisational Development department Strategic Policing and Crime Board Register of interests The website of the PCC and Force are reviewed for effectiveness, including developing new functionality Staff survey regularly completed Induction processes People Strategy The Chief Constable continues to host a number of senior leadership events to develop the capability of its leadership at all levels within the organisation. Health and wellbeing agenda PCC induction		
 Ensuring the PCC, chief officers and staff receive appropriate induction tailored to their role and that ongoing training and development matching individual and organisational requirements is available and encouraged. 				
 Ensuring that the PCC, chief officers and staff have the appropriate skills, knowledge, resources and support to fulfil their roles and responsibilities and ensuring that they are able to update their knowledge on a continuing basis. 				
 Ensuring personal, organisation and system-wide development through shared learning, including lessons learnt from governance failures both internal and external. 				



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
 Ensuring the PCC is independent of management and free from relationships that would materially interfere with its role. 			
 The OPCC, in conjunction with the force, should ensure that appropriate information is available for potential PCC candidates. 			
 Taking steps to consider the leadership's own effectiveness and ensuring leaders are open to constructive feedback from peer review and inspections. 			
 Holding staff to account through regular performance reviews which take account of training or development needs. 			
 Ensuring arrangements are in place to maintain the health and wellbeing of the workforce and support individuals in maintaining their own physical and mental wellbeing. 			

PRINCIPLE F: MANAGING RISKS AND PERFORMANCE THROUGH ROBUST INTERNAL CONTROL AND STRONG PUBLIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
Managing risk Recognising that risk management is an integral part of all activities and must be regarded as a continuous process.	 Approved risk strategies in place Risks managed through agreed risk processes Risk registers reviewed on a regular basis Risk strategy and registers scrutinised by Audit Committee 	Improving	Green



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
Implementing robust and integrated risk management arrangements and ensuring that they are working effectively.	 Business continuity plans in place Forces revised approach to risk management progressing 		
Ensuring that responsibilities for managing individual risks are clearly allocated.			
Ensuring that the organisation is risk aware and that its risk appetite is defined and communicated clearly to those responsible for making decisions.			
Managing performance	O anticle and a concline DOO and the allief officers	Maintaining	Green
 Monitoring service delivery effectively including planning, specification, execution and independent post implementation review. 	 Oversight and ownership by PCC and/or chief officers of the performance of organisations Regular performance reports to Strategic Policing and Crime Board 		
 Making decisions based on relevant, clear, objective analysis and advice, pointing out the implications and risks inherent in the organisation's financial, social and environmental position and outlook. 	 Regular reporting to the independent Joint audit committee Publication of relevant reports from the Force to the PCC, supported by minutes of public forums attended by both the PCC and the chief constable 		
 Ensuring an effective scrutiny or oversight function is in place which encourages constructive challenge and debate on policies and objectives before, during and after decisions are made thereby enhancing the organisation's performance and that of any organisation for which it is responsible. Providing the PCC and chief officers with regular reports on service delivery plans and on progress towards outcome achievement. 	 Performance management systems, targets and reports Benefits realisation plans and monitoring reports Grant monitoring returns and assessment meetings HMICFRS reports External scrutiny of performance by bodies such as the police and crime panel The budget and medium-term financial planning processes WMP performance panel 		



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
 Ensuring there is consistency between specification stages (such as budgets) and post implementation reporting (e.g. financial statements). 			
 Robust internal control Aligning the risk management strategy and policies on internal control with achieving the organisation's objectives. Evaluating and monitoring the organisation's risk management and internal control on a regular basis. Ensuring effective counter fraud and anticorruption arrangements are in place. Ensuring additional assurance on the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the framework of governance, risk management and control is provided by the internal auditor. Ensuring an independent audit committee or equivalent group or function, which is independent of the executive and accountable to the PCC and chief constable, provides a further source of effective assurance regarding arrangements for managing risks and maintaining an effective 	 Framework of corporate governance, including contract standing orders and financial regulations Fraud and corruption policy that is reviewed on a regular basis Regular reporting to Audit Committee by professional standards department on cases of any internal fraud Commissioner's Strategic Policing and Crime Board receives regular reports on the Professional Standards Department Financial standards guidance Risk management strategy Risk management strategy/policy has been formally approved and adopted and is reviewed and updated on a regular basis Compliance with the Code of Practice on Managing the Risk of Fraud and Corruption (CIPFA, 2014) Effective internal audit service is resourced and maintained Independent Joint Audit Committee complies with best practice as outlined in Audit Committees: Practical 	Maintaining	Green
control environment and that its recommendations are listened to and acted upon.	Guidance for Local Authorities and Police (CIPFA, 2022) including terms of reference, membership and training Annual report produced by audit committee and presented to SPCB		



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
 Managing data Ensuring effective arrangements are in place for the safe collection, storage, use and sharing of data, including processes to safeguard personal data. Ensuring effective arrangements are in place and operating effectively when sharing data with other bodies. Reviewing and auditing regularly the quality and accuracy of data used in decision making and performance monitoring. 	 External audit reports reported quarterly to Audit Committee Internal audit charter, planned external inspection of Internal Audit against International Internal Audit Standards and the Public Sector Internal Auditing Standards (last undertaken Summer 2022) Internal Audit plan that is aligned to the key risks of the organisations Role of the Senior Information Risk Owner (SIRO) defined Data protection policies and strategies in place Data retention policies in place across the organisations Compliance with policies and strategies including the specified information requirements Publication strategies Information sharing protocols Freedom of Information Act 2000 arrangements Complaints received records Partnership protocols and agreements. Project plans and implementation plans for General Data Protection Regulations Investment in Force IT systems Information produced to respond to potential threats, e.g. in relation to the conflict in Ukraine 	Maintaining	Amber
Ensuring financial management Ensuring financial management supports both long term achievement of outcomes and short term financial and operational performance. Ensuring well developed financial management is integrated at all levels of	 HMICFRS assessments and recommendations Internal audit reports Annual financial strategy Budget monitoring reports Annual statement of accounts Treasury management strategy and monitoring reports Annual audit letter 	Maintaining	Green



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
planning and control, including management of financial risks and controls.	 Receipt of unqualified audit opinion and VfM conclusion Plans in place to implement improvements in system effectiveness Reserves Strategy Benefit Realisation plans HMICFRS Value for Money Profile CIPFA Financial Management Capability Review Assessment completed against CIPFA's FM code 		

PRINCIPLE G: IMPLEMENTING GOOD PRACTICES IN TRANSPARENCY, REPORTING, AND AUDIT TO DELIVER EFFECTIVE ACCOUNTABILITY

Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
 Implementing good practice in transparency Writing and communicating reports for the public and other stakeholders in an understandable style appropriate to the intended audience and ensuring they are easy to access and interrogate. Striking a balance between providing the right amount of information to satisfy transparency demands and enhance public scrutiny while not being too onerous to provide and for users to understand. 	 Annual report Standard decision report template is used consistently Information published on the website in accordance with the Elected Local Policing Bodies (Specified Information) Order 2011 and its revisions Statement of accounts and AGS Reports to the police and crime panel Publication (subject to confidentiality tests) of force board papers Publication (subject to confidentiality tests) of reports presented to the PCC's board PCC received an award for transparency 	Maintaining	Green
Implementing good practices in reporting	Formal annual reports	Maintaining	Green



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
 Reporting at least annually on performance, value for money, and the stewardship of resources to stakeholders in a timely and understandable way. Ensuring the PCC and chief officers own the results. Assessing the extent to which the organisation is applying the principles contained in the Framework and publishing the results of this assessment including an action plan for improvement and evidence to demonstrate good governance in action (the AGS). Ensuring the performance information that accompanies the financial statements is prepared on a consistent and timely basis and the statements allow for comparison with other similar entities. 	 Annual financial statements Appropriate approvals HMICFRS assessments and responses The external auditor's annual letter Action plans to deal with specific matters Annual governance statement The PCC and force websites Reports to the police and crime panel 		
 Ensuring that the Framework is applied to jointly managed functions as appropriate. 			
 Assurance and effective accountability Ensuring that recommendations for corrective action made by external audit are acted upon. Ensuring an effective internal audit service, with direct access to the PCC, chief constable and audit committee, provides assurance with regard to the organisation's governance arrangements, and produces recommendations which are acted upon. Welcoming peer challenge, reviews and inspections from regulatory bodies and implementing recommendations as appropriate. Gaining assurance on risks associated with delivering 	 External Audit recommendations implemented Evidence that recommendations have informed positive improvements Compliance with the CIPFA Statement on the Role of the Head of Internal Audit Publication of responses to HMICFRS assessments and recommendations Community engagement strategy Collaboration agreements, including effective governance arrangements External audit reports including the annual letter Change governance structures Internal Audit's charter setting out reporting lines across the PCC and WMP 	Maintaining	Green



Expected Behaviours & Outcomes	How the Requirements Are Met	Direction of Travel	RAG Status
services through third party suppliers and that this is evidenced in the AGS.	Annual Head of Internal Audit report giving opinion on risk governance and control		
 Ensuring that when working in partnerships, arrangements for accountability are clear and that the need for wider public accountability has been recognised and met. 			



West Midlands Police

Annual Governance Statement

Position as at 31 March 2023 including plans for the financial year 2023/24.

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1. Introduction

This Annual Governance Statement (AGS) explains how the Chief Constable governs West Midlands Police Force through a system of internal controls. The Chief Constable has adopted a Code of Corporate Governance, consistent with the principles of the CIPFA/SOLACE 2016 updated framework: *Delivering Good Governance in Local Government*, a copy of which is on our website at www.west-midlands.police.uk or can be obtained by contacting us, details at www.west-midlands.police.uk/contact-us/index.aspx. This statement explains how the Chief Constable has complied with the code and also meets the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, regulation 6(1), which requires all relevant bodies to prepare an annual governance statement.

2. Scope

The Chief Constable is responsible for ensuring the force's business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for and used economically, efficiently and effectively. The Chief Constable also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

In discharging this overall responsibility, the Chief Constable is also responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of its affairs and facilitating the exercise of its functions, which includes ensuring a sound system of internal control is maintained through the year and that arrangements are in place for the management of risk.

3. The Governance Framework

The governance framework comprises the systems, processes, culture and values by which the Chief Constable directs and controls activities through which it accounts and engages with the community. It enables the Chief Constable to monitor the achievement of strategic objectives and to consider whether those objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate, cost effective services, including achieving value for money.

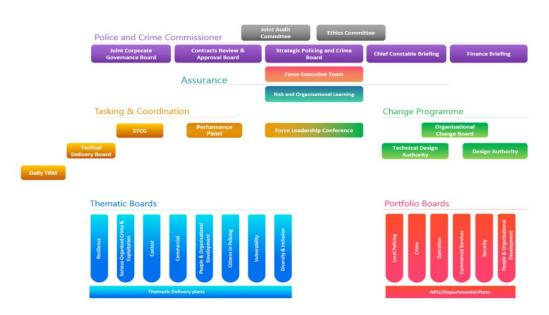
The system of internal control is a significant part of the governance framework and is designed to manage risk. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness.

The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Chief Constable's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them effectively, efficiently and economically.

The Chief Constable is responsible for operational policing matters, the direction and control of police personnel, and for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of the force. The Chief Constable is held to account for the exercise of those functions and those of the persons under his direction and control, by the Police and Crime Commissioner.

It therefore follows that the Commissioner must satisfy himself that the force has appropriate mechanisms in place for the maintenance of good governance. For these to operate in practice, the Commissioner and the Chief Constable have separate but complimentary governance structures. These facilitate the achievement of effective governance arrangements, including the monitoring and assessment of performance in line with statutory responsibilities.

West Midlands Police Strategic Governance Structure:



The 'Delivering Good Governance standard for public services 2016' sets out the seven good governance core principles. The key elements of the systems and processes that have been put in place for the force and how the force adheres to these seven principles is evidenced below.

4. Principle A: Behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values and respecting the rule of law

Evidence to demonstrate Principle A includes;

✓ The Chief Constable's Vision and Values, in conjunction with the Code of Ethics, define the standards expected of everyone working in policing and is communicated to all officers and staff.



- ✓ The Standards of Professional Behaviour reflect the expectations of the public and are
 governed by specific policies, procedural rules and internal management processes that
 cover the activities of the force:
 - Financial Management
 - Procurement
 - Health and safety
 - Gifts and Hospitality
 - Business Interests
 - 'Whistleblowing' Confidential Reporting
 - Complaints Handling
 - Anti-Fraud, Bribery and Corruption
 - Information Security
 - Information sharing
 - Data Protection
 - General Data Protection Regulations

- ✓ At a national level, the force cooperates in the National Fraud Initiative which attempts to identify fraud by sharing and comparing employee data across the public sector.
- ✓ Within the force there are two formal codes of conduct, one for police officers and one for police staff. Both codes define the standards of personal behaviour expected. The officer code also sets out requirements in terms of use of force, performance, execution of duties and other general conduct expectations. Certain staff, e.g. qualified accountants or solicitors, will have professional codes of conduct to which they are held to account.
- ✓ An Ethics Committee has been established which is responsible for providing the Chief Constable and PCC with independent advice around ethical issues arising from the data analytics projects.

5. Principle B: Ensuring openness and comprehensive stakeholder engagement

Evidence to demonstrate Principle B includes;

- ✓ The West Midlands Police web site includes the current Freedom of Information (FOI) publication scheme in its 'Your right to information' pages.
- The Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner sets the overall strategic direction for the Chief Constable and the force through the objectives contained in the Police and Crime Plan, setting the force budget and determining the precept, commissioning services, and holding the Chief Constable to account on behalf of the public. The Police and Crime Plan covers the period 2021-2025.
- ✓ The force website aids agile accessibility to the police service by providing advice, enabling a member of the public to report an incident, track their case and undertake live webchat to report all non-emergency crimes online.
- ✓ The force actively involves communities across the force geography. The approach
 involves public meetings including community forums, independent advisory groups,
 scrutiny panels and messaging via WMNOW.
- ✓ There is also active involvement with the full range of media such as press, TV, social media and public surveys.



- ✓ The force works closely with Independent Advisory Groups and independent scrutiny panels to increase levels of trust and understanding in our diverse communities, support the most vulnerable and make sure our engagement is targeted and meaningful.
- ✓ Governed by the Citizens in Policing Board, the force has a comprehensive Citizens in Policing programme which seeks to increase citizen participation in policing and community safety by developing the scale and variety of opportunities for volunteers, special constables, cadets and a number of watch schemes.
- ✓ The force engages and collaborates with a significant number of partners within the region. An example being the work of the West Midlands Violence Reduction Unit which is jointly chaired by an Assistant Chief Constable and Public Health Lead. The WMVRU aims to bring together partners to work together with the shared understanding that violence and its associated harms are preventable. The WMVRU is a member of the World Health Organisation Violence Prevention Alliance international network.
- ✓ WMP regularly speaks to its communities and partners to share the experiences and develop ideas and practices. We use the Four Key Principles (Voice, Dignity and Respect, Trustworthy Motives and Neutrality) to ensure we all understand what we're doing. Understanding what people think of the Force's practices helps WMP to change and constantly improve what it does. With greater levels of citizen satisfaction comes an increase in trust and legitimacy.

6. Principle C: Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable economic, social and environmental benefits

Evidence to demonstrate Principle C includes:

- ✓ The WMP strategy defines a number of economic, social and environmental outcomes to
 be delivered during the period 2020-2023. A new corporate strategy has been drafted to
 deliver the new Local Policing model.
- ✓ The Policing Vision 2025 highlighted trends most likely to impact policing by 2025 and the
 College of Policing's Future Operating Environment 2040 provides an insight into
 policing's operating environment as far as 2040, we consider the implications of these
 kind of trends, scenarios and future challenges on WMP as part of our annual strategic
 assessment within our strategy and business planning cycle.

7. Principle D: Determining the outcomes necessary to optimise the achievement of the intended outcomes

Evidence to demonstrate Principle D includes;

- ✓ Strategic governance is in place to monitor and track activity against WMP's strategy. This includes regular Chief Officer meetings, the monthly Force Leadership Conference and quarterly Strategic Tasking and Co-ordination group meeting which are in place to drive the key deliverables of the strategy.
- ✓ Force performance is scrutinised via both strategic and tactical force level governance structures, with the monthly Performance Day acting as the main oversight body. Portfolio and thematic boards are in place to manage performance within the portfolio areas and provide the necessary oversight and assurance.
- ✓ The force planning cycle incorporates an annual strategic assessment, annual Force Management Statement (FMS) and financial plans.
- ✓ The Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) has been updated which forms the basis of the annual budgets and provides a framework for the evaluation of future proposals.
- ✓ Decision-making at all levels of the force is undertaken within the framework of the National Decision Model, which has the Code of Ethics at its core.



✓ WMP continue to utilise the Threat Harm Risk Investigation Vulnerability Engagement (THRIVE) framework across functions. It underpins all decision making in the force and encourages flexible and adaptable risk management, while empowering staff and officers at all levels to have confidence in the decisions that they make.

Principle E: Developing the Force's capacity, including the capability of its leadership and the individuals within it

Evidence to demonstrate Principle E includes;

- ✓ As part of WMP's corporate strategy, a people strategy was launched in 2021 outlining what WMP expects from its personnel and what people can expect, in return, from the organisation.
- ✓ The strategy incorporates a future facing leadership framework, with individuals aiming to be champions in the workplace; creating an environment which supports, challenges and enables WMP officers and staff to be the best they can be in order to bring the vision and values, as referenced under Principle A, to life.
- ✓ The Force Executive Team have clearly defined leadership roles and objectives; they are responsible for implementing strategy and managing the delivery of services within their respective portfolios.
- ✓ WMP Conversations continues to be delivered across the force as a way of engaging with the workforce and evidencing individual and team performance and capability. The relaunch was successful and retained a focus on measuring and improving our performance to meet the strategic objectives and drive personal, departmental and forcewide deliverables. In early 2022, a talent management framework was added to the WMP Conversations platform, enabling a consistent view across the force of areas of focus for talent development in future years and a ratings capability implemented.
- ✓ To build on capacity, collaboration arrangements are in place with neighboring forces
 for significant service areas including CMPG, Forensics and Legal Services and future
 collaboration continues to be considered.
- ✓ Regional and national governance arrangements are in place in relation to national and regional programmes (Single Online Home, Specialist Capabilities, and Blue Light Commercial etc.)
- ✓ The innovative Data Driven Insight (DDI) project continues to drive the forcewide
 agenda in terms of data analytics. It delivers a single, cleansed and integrated data set
 which provides an enterprise wide search capability directly into the hands of our front
 line officers on their mobile devices, transforming data access, intelligence and tools.

 This system provides deep insight and analytics, creating the step change in how
 information drives our actions.
- ✓ As part of the HMICFRS Integrated PEEL Assessment (IPA), WMP's arrangement planning for future demand was graded as 'Good'.

- ✓ An in-house automation capability within IT&D continues to deliver forcewide capabilities.
- ✓ To build on the force's expertise, there are knowledge transfer arrangements in place as part of the previous five year strategy (WMP2020), along with numerous academic collaboration work streams.

9. Principle F: Managing risks and performance through robust internal control and strong public financial management

Evidence to demonstrate Principle F includes;

- The force has an Organisational Risk Management Policy and Corporate Risk Register, prepared and reviewed by the Deputy Chief Constable and managed via the Force Executive Team Meeting and Risk and Learning Board. The Joint Audit Committee (with the PCC) is responsible for independent assurance on the adequacy of the risk management framework.
- The force ensures all decision-making processes are overseen by correct governance structures. Each member of the Force Executive Team (FET) leads a specific portfolio board and chairs thematic boards, all of which incorporate sub-groups for specific functions and themes. This oversight from the highest level ensures that there is no disconnect at any level of management in the continued delivery of force performance and ambitions. Risk is discussed as a regular agenda item within these portfolio and thematic boards. These meetings ensure risks are being managed and mitigated as well as providing the gateway for forcewide risks to be escalated through the force governance structures.
- ✓ Objectives are defined within the WMP Conversations of each executive team member and cascaded throughout the organisation's approach to performance management.
- ✓ Performance management forms part of the force governance arrangements. Performance information is scrutinised by the Force Executive Team via the boards they chair and the Quarterly Performance Reviews (QPRs) they hold. Deep dives of performance take place at the most senior level of the organisation at the monthly Performance Day meetings.

- ✓ An increasing number of readily available performance dashboards allow for detailed performance information to be available to supervisors.
- ✓ Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Constabulary and Fire and Rescue Service (HMICFRS) independently assesses operational policing processes and reports the performance of the force at a national level. The force tracks and monitors all recommendations and areas for improvement from HMICFRS via the force governance structures.
- ✓ Strong public financial management is evidenced through the following strategies and reports:
 - Medium Term Financial Plan
 - Annual Financial Strategy
 - Budget Monitoring reports
 - Annual Statement of Accounts
 - Treasury Management Strategy
 - Treasury Management Reports
 - Reserves Strategy
 - Benefit Realisation plans
 - HMICFRS Value for Money Profile
 - CIPFA Financial Management Capability Review
- The CIPFA Financial Management Code (CIPFA FM Code) is designed to support good practice in financial management and to assist police organisations in demonstrating their financial sustainability. The CIPFA FM Code therefore sets the standards of financial management for PCCs and Forces. A key goal of the FM Code is to improve the financial resilience of organisations by embedding enhanced standards of financial management. There are also clear links between the FM Code and the Governance Framework, particularly with its focus on achieving sustainable outcomes.

The PCC and the Force are compliant with the principles of the FM code and work will continue in 2023/24 to improve and enhance financial accountability through reinforcement of roles and responsibilities, formalised training and enhanced financial reporting. The enhanced financial reporting will include data on policing performance and outcomes against financial information to enhance operational decision making.

10. Principle G: Implementing good practices in transparency, reporting and audit to deliver effective accountability

Evidence to demonstrate Principle G includes;

- ✓ A Joint Audit Committee is responsible for independent assurance on the adequacy of the risk management framework and the associated control environment, the independent scrutiny of the Chief Constable's and the PCC 's financial performance to the extent that it affects the Chief Constable and PCC's exposure to risk and weakens the control environment.
- ✓ The Joint Scheme of Corporate Governance, updated in 2021, sets out in detail the
 respective roles and functions of the Commissioner and Chief Constable, outlining all
 significant decisions which are consented or delegated and which are of a statutory,
 financial or management nature.
- ✓ All major change and transformation programmes and projects have their own project boards and adhere to consistent force change control processes which include addressing risk management and mitigation.
- ✓ An External Audit function reports to "those charged with governance" in respect of the Annual Accounts to ensure they are prepared in accordance with legislation, accounting standards and good practice. As well as issuing a statutory opinion on the accounts they also issue a statutory opinion on the Chief Constables arrangements for securing value for money, measured as economy, efficiency and effectiveness, which sits alongside the HMICFRS assessment work.
- ✓ This Annual Governance Statement is published alongside the Statement of Accounts.
- ✓ Regular publication (subject to confidentiality tests) of reports presented to the Strategic Policing and Crime Board.

11. Review of effectiveness

The Chief Constable has responsibility for an annual review of the effectiveness of the Governance Framework. The review of effectiveness is informed by the work of the Force Executive Team within West Midlands Police, who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment, the Internal Audit Annual report, and also by comments made by the external auditors and other review agencies and

inspectorates. In maintaining and reviewing the effectiveness of the governance arrangements, the following roles are undertaken:

The Force

The Chief Constable operates a system of strongly controlled arrangements for the delivery of operational policing in its communities, together with management and monitoring arrangements for:

- Performance management and associated reporting;
- Financial management;
- Standards of data quality that underpin key reporting requirements;
- The professional standards of police officers and staff in the force;
- Programme and project management.

These functions are organised within clear reporting structures in the force, designed to provide the Chief Constable and the Executive Team with assurances as to the effective delivery of operational policing and the Commissioner's Policing and Crime plan.

To increase understanding and improve transparency around force governance, a 'Governance and Knowledge' portal is available to all staff and officers for access to key governance documents such as board terms of references, actions and decisions and summaries of meetings.

The Joint Audit Committee

The Commissioner and Chief Constable have established a Joint Audit Committee to be responsible, on behalf of both Corporations Sole, to:

- Advise the Commissioner and the Chief Constable according to good governance principles;
- Provide independent assurance on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Commissioner's and Chief Constable's internal control environment and risk management framework;
- Oversee the effectiveness of the framework in place for ensuring compliance with statutory requirements;

- Independently scrutinise financial and non-financial performance to the extent that
 it affects the Commissioner's and Chief Constable's exposure to risks and
 weakens the internal control environment;
- Oversee the financial reporting process.
- Ensure the Force is implementing agreed actions resulting from HMICFRS inspections and thematic reviews/reports.

Internal Audit

The system of Internal Audit is a primary tenet of corporate governance and is the responsibility of the Commissioner. The provision and maintenance of an effective shared Internal Audit service for the PCC and CC has been delegated to the PCC's Chief Finance Officer. The Audit Committee oversees the provision of this service, reviewing associated plans and work outputs.

12. Significant governance issues 2022/23

Over the last 12 months, force governance has returned to pre Covid operations with the return of face to face meetings. Thematic boards are have returned and operate as defined by governance structure. The introduction of Microsoft 365 has added a Teams capability which enables virtual attendance and increased opportunity to attend and participate in force governance.

Adhering to the force governance structure has ensured that the transition of leadership for both Chief Constable and Deputy Chief Constable has not impacted on operation of the organisation. Additional governance has been layered in to effectively manage the operating model changes. This has been seen as more frequent organisational change boards.

Full consultation with external partners continued to take place, this has included Independent Advisory Groups, consultation with Children and Adult Services and Key Individual Networks and engagement with the Multi Agency Public Protection Arrangement process.

Other significant structures continued including Misconduct Hearings by WMPs Professional Standards Department.

13. Conclusion and Commitment Statement

The scale of change facing the Chief Constable remains extremely challenging, at a time

when the demand and need for sustained and improved service to the public continues to

increase. This will require firm leadership, careful management, innovation and robust

governance.

The systems and processes the Chief Constable has in place to monitor the implementation

of the Police and Crime Plan will ensure activities detailed in this statement are

implemented. The governance arrangements of the PCC and the Chief Constable will

remain under constant review in the forthcoming financial year.

Signed

Craig Guildford

Chief Constable of West Midlands Police

Peter Gillett

Director of Commercial Services West Midlands